

Haemodialysis Capacity Survey 2025

About the Report

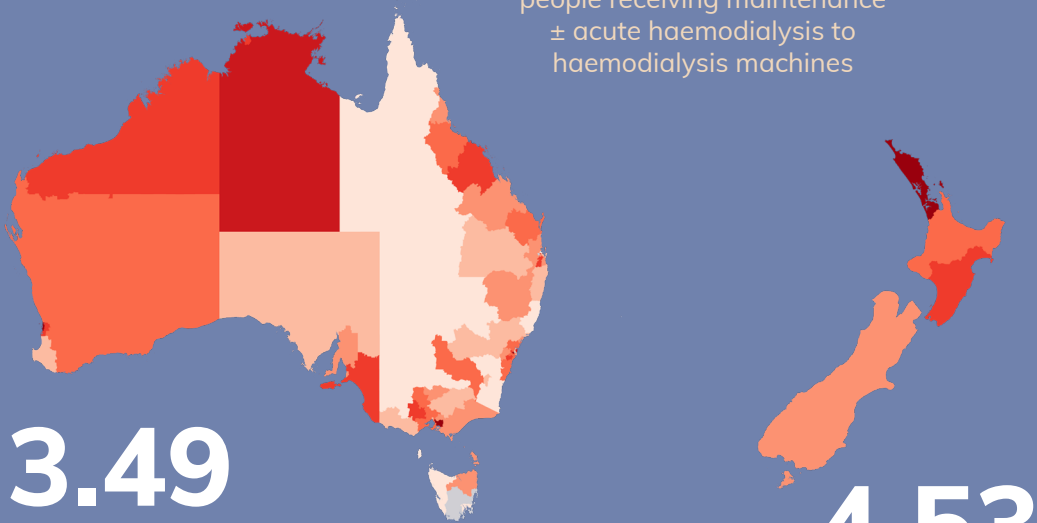
This special report is a survey of all haemodialysis units in Australia & New Zealand. Haemodialysis capacity relies on having sufficient machines, staff, and space to treat people near where they live. This report examines a key component of capacity: The ratio of people receiving haemodialysis to available haemodialysis machines. Ratios above four indicate that more patients are being treated than is usual with ordinary days and shifts of operation.

There are indicators of dialysis capacity strain in almost every region of Australia and New Zealand

“Patients are forced to travel two hours each way, three times a week for haemodialysis at another centre.”

Overall ratios

Overall ratio (and range) of people receiving maintenance ± acute haemodialysis to haemodialysis machines



3.49

Range: 1.33 - 6.22

4.53

Range: 2.68 - 6.00

Find out more: anzorrg.org.au/reports

Key findings



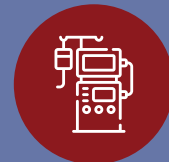
50% of New Zealand services reported ratios **exceeding usual capacity**



In Australia, almost every state and territory contained jurisdictions with ratios **far exceeding usual capacity**



Over 80% of regions (SA4) in Australia reported a **waiting list** to start dialysis or transfer care



Funding or staffing shortfalls resulted in **non-utilised** haemodialysis machines across almost **half of Australia**